Information Extraction Seminar Topics

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Reminder: these topics should all be in English



Self-training for Temporal Relation Extraction

- Matching events to specific times. Important in the medical domain for tracking progression of illnesses.
- Challenging to obtain large labeled datasets. How to handle scenarios with limited labeled instances?
- Explain how self-training works for this task. Contrast to other approaches to semi-supervised learning.
- Analysis of improvements and errors.

Sources and possible papers

 Lin, Chen, et al. "Self-training improves Recurrent Neural Networks performance for Temporal Relation Extraction." Proceedings of the 9th International Workshop on Health Text Mining and Information Analysis (LOUHI 2018)

Cross-lingual Named Entity Recognition

- Motivation for cross-lingual NER.
- How is cross-lingual NER different than monolingual NER?
- What are the potential benefits?
- Explain what kind of data is needed and how to use it?
- Explain the method and features used in the paper.

Sources and possible papers

 Tsai, Chen-Tse, et al. "Cross-Lingual Named Entity Recognition via Wikification." Proceedings of the 20th SIGNLL Conference on Computational Natural Language Learning (CoNLL)

Automatically Labeled Data for Event Extraction

- Overview of hand-labeled data for event extraction. What problems do we face when using this data?
- Can automatically labeled data solve them?
- Explain the process of generating automatically labeled data.
- Present the method for event extraction.

Sources and possible papers

 Chen, Yubo, et al. "Automatically Labeled Data Generation for Large Scale Event Extraction." Proceedings of the 55th Annual Meeting of the Association for Computational Linguistics

Aspect-based Sentiment Analysis

- Motivation for aspect-based sentiment analysis.
- How is it different than traditional sentiment analysis?
- How does the data look like? Is it challenging to create?
- Neural networks what architecture is best suited for the task?

Sources and possible papers

Wang et al. "Attention-based LSTM for Aspect-level Sentiment Classification" Proceedings of the 2016 Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing

Hyperpartisan News Detection

- Fake vs Hyperpartisan news differences and similarities.
- Present the shared task and explain how is the task defined.
- What is the data? How was it created, annotated etc. How were the teams evaluated?
- What are the shared task conclusions?
- Present the basic approach of the best team.

Sources and possible papers

- Kiesel et al. "SemEval-2019 Task 4: Hyperpartisan News Detection." Proceedings of the 13th International Workshop on Semantic Evaluation (SemEval-2019)
- Jiang et al. "Team Bertha von Suttner at SemEval-2019 Task 4: Hyperpartisan News Detection using ELMo Sentence Representation Convolutional Network" (SemEval-2019)